

19 December, 2022
Regional Statistical Yearbooks
2021

REGIONAL STATISTICAL YEARBOOKS - REGIONAL AND MUNICIPAL STATISTICAL DATA

Statistics Portugal releases the Regional Statistical Yearbooks, which include a wide range of statistical information at regional and municipal levels. From the topics analysed in this press release, it is important to highlight:

- **Education:** in a context of improvement in the transition/completion rate at upper secondary education, in the school year 2020/2021, only three of the 18 municipalities of Área Metropolitana de Lisboa recorded transition/completion rates higher than the national average (91.7%): Alcochete (94.0%), Barreiro (92.5%) and Oeiras (92.0%).
 - **Labour Market:** in 2021, the employment rate in predominantly urban areas was higher than the average for the country (56.5% and 55.3%, respectively), and stood below that threshold in medium urban areas (53.6%) and predominantly rural areas (50.0%). According to the Lists of personnel, in 2020 the mean monthly earning of full-time employees with full remuneration was less than 1,000 euros, for 50% of the 308 municipalities.
 - **Construction and Housing:** in 2021, 47 municipalities, mostly located in the sub-regions Algarve (14 out of 16 municipalities) and Área Metropolitana de Lisboa (16 out of 18), scored a median price above the national value. The municipality of Lisboa (3 531 €/m²) recorded the highest price in the country.
 - **Political Participation:** the autonomous regions of the Açores (63.3%) and Madeira (50.4%) and the Algarve (48.7%) registered the highest abstention rates in the 2022 voting for the Assembly of the Republic. In 28 of the 308 municipalities, abstention rates were higher than 55% and the municipalities of Vila de Rei (31.9%), Guimarães (32.3%) and Sardoal (32.4%) scored the lowest abstention rates.
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The contents are presented in [Thematic Folders - Municipalities - Regional Statistical Yearbooks](#) and are organised into four main chapters — Territory, People, Economic Activity and State — which, in turn, are analysed in 27 sections on different thematic areas (see the technical note at the end of this press release).

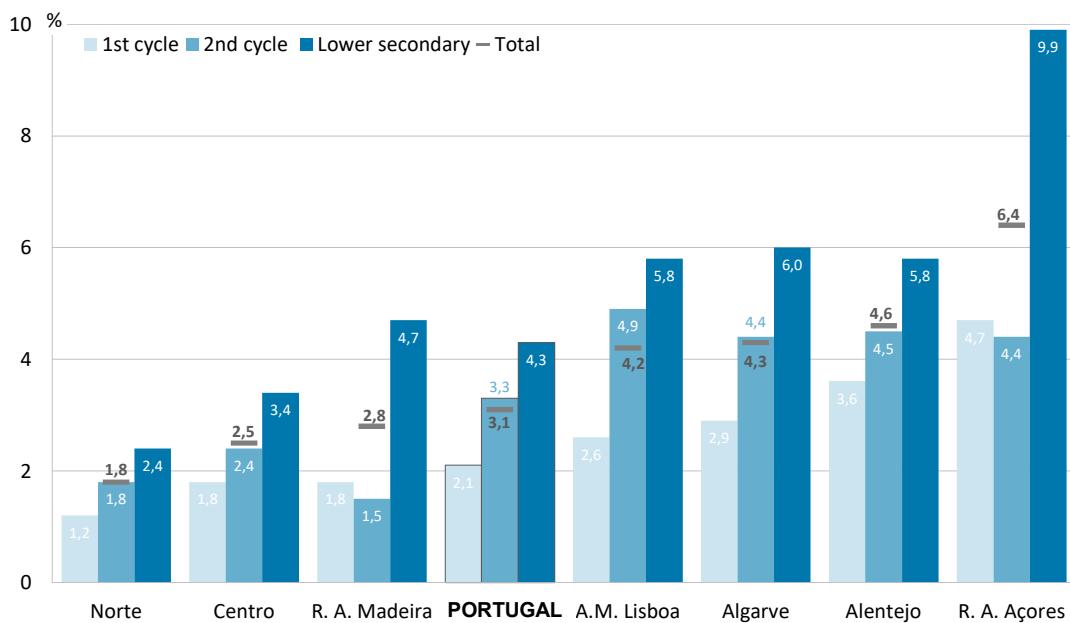
Next, a brief analysis based on the information available in the following sections is presented: Education, Labour Market, Construction and Housing and Political Participation.

press release

DIIISTÁQUE

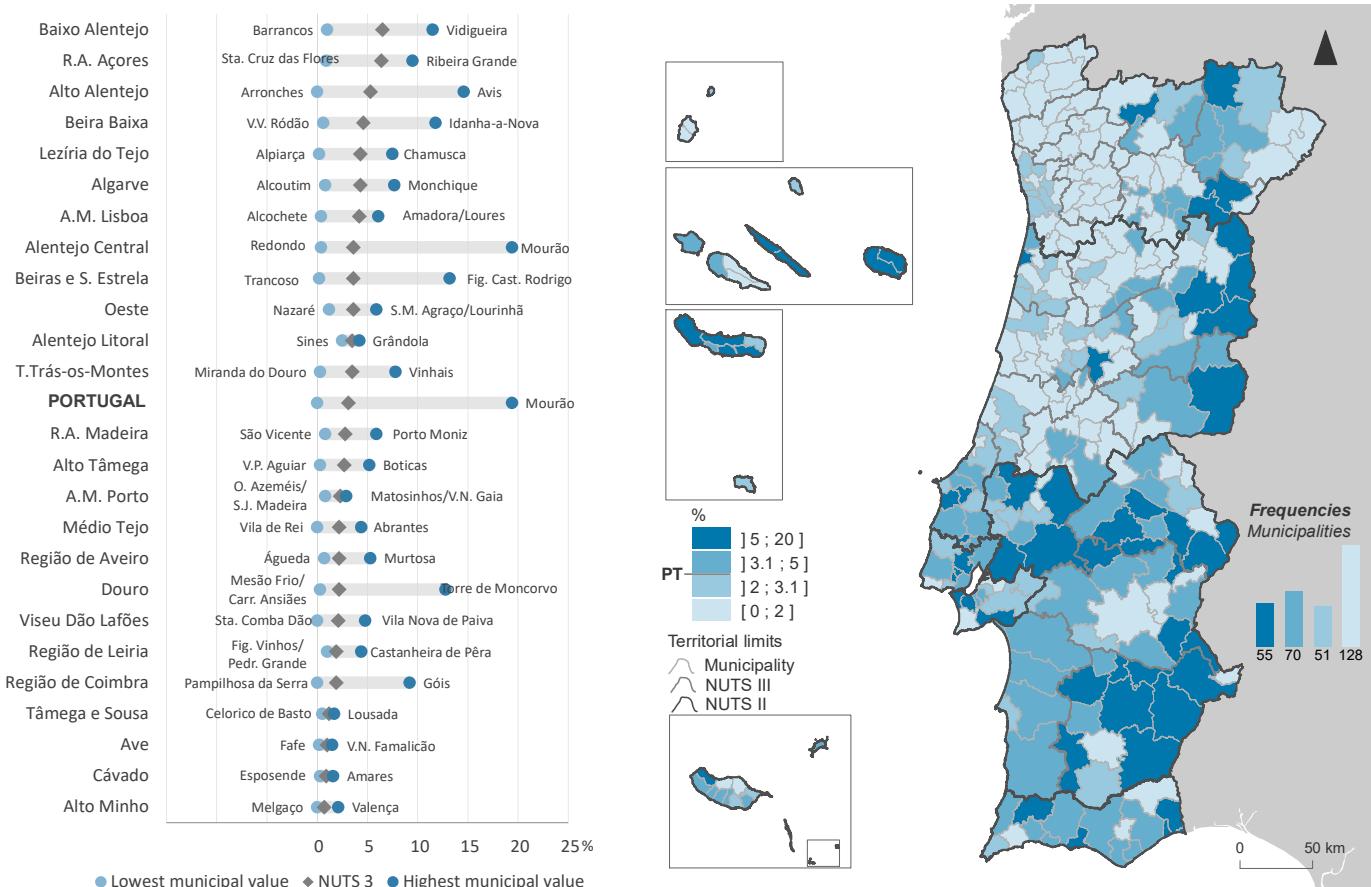
EDUCATION

Figure 1. Retention and desistance rate at primary and lower secondary education, Portugal and NUTS II, school year 2020/2021



Source: Ministry of Education and Ministry of Science, Technology and Higher Education -Directorate-General for Education and Science Statistics.

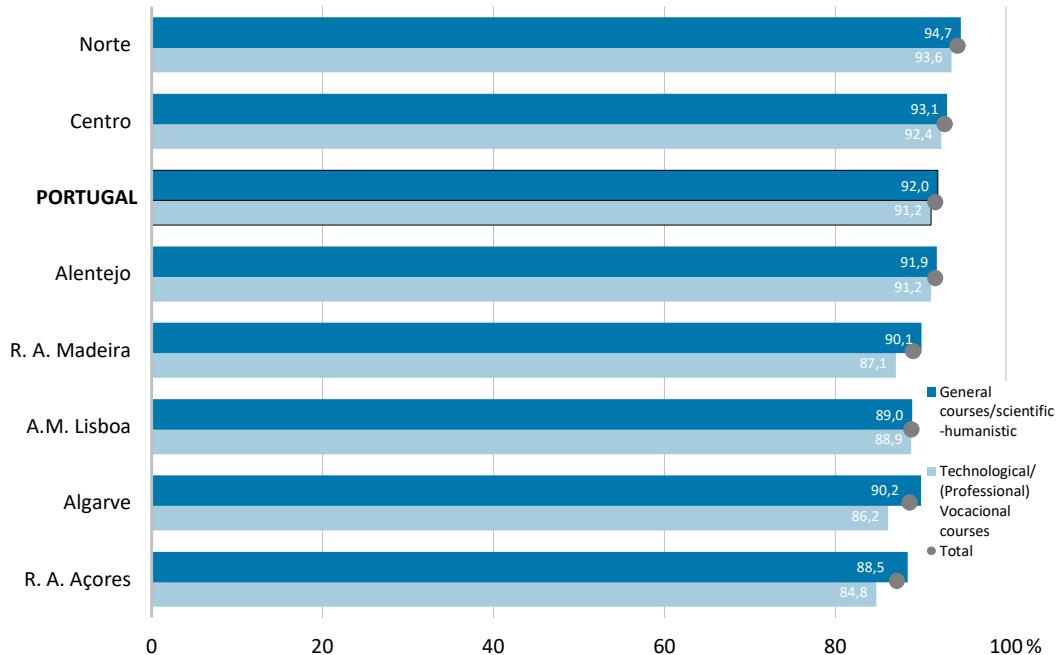
Figure 2. Retention and desistance rate at primary and lower secondary education, Portugal, NUTS 3 and municipality, school year 2020/2021



Source: Ministry of Education and Ministry of Science, Technology and Higher Education -Directorate-General for Education and Science Statistics.

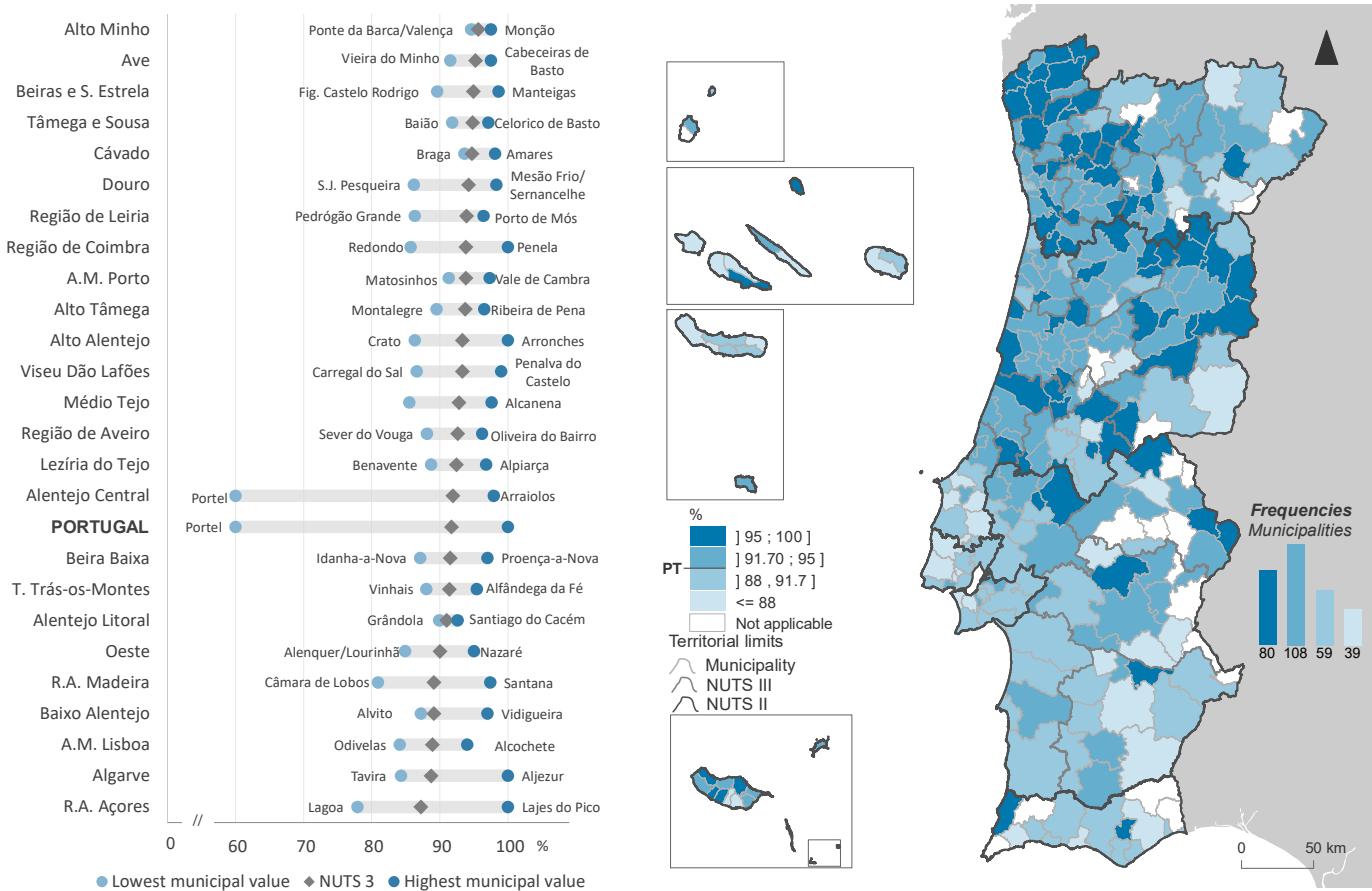
Note: The municipal minimum value for Portugal includes the following set of municipalities: Arronches, Melgaço, Pampilhosa da Serra, Santa Comba Dão and Vila de Rei.

Figure 3. Transition/completion rate at upper secondary education by type of offer, Portugal and NUTS 2, school year 2020/2021



Source: Ministry of Education and Ministry of Science, Technology and Higher Education -Directorate-General for Education and Science Statistics.

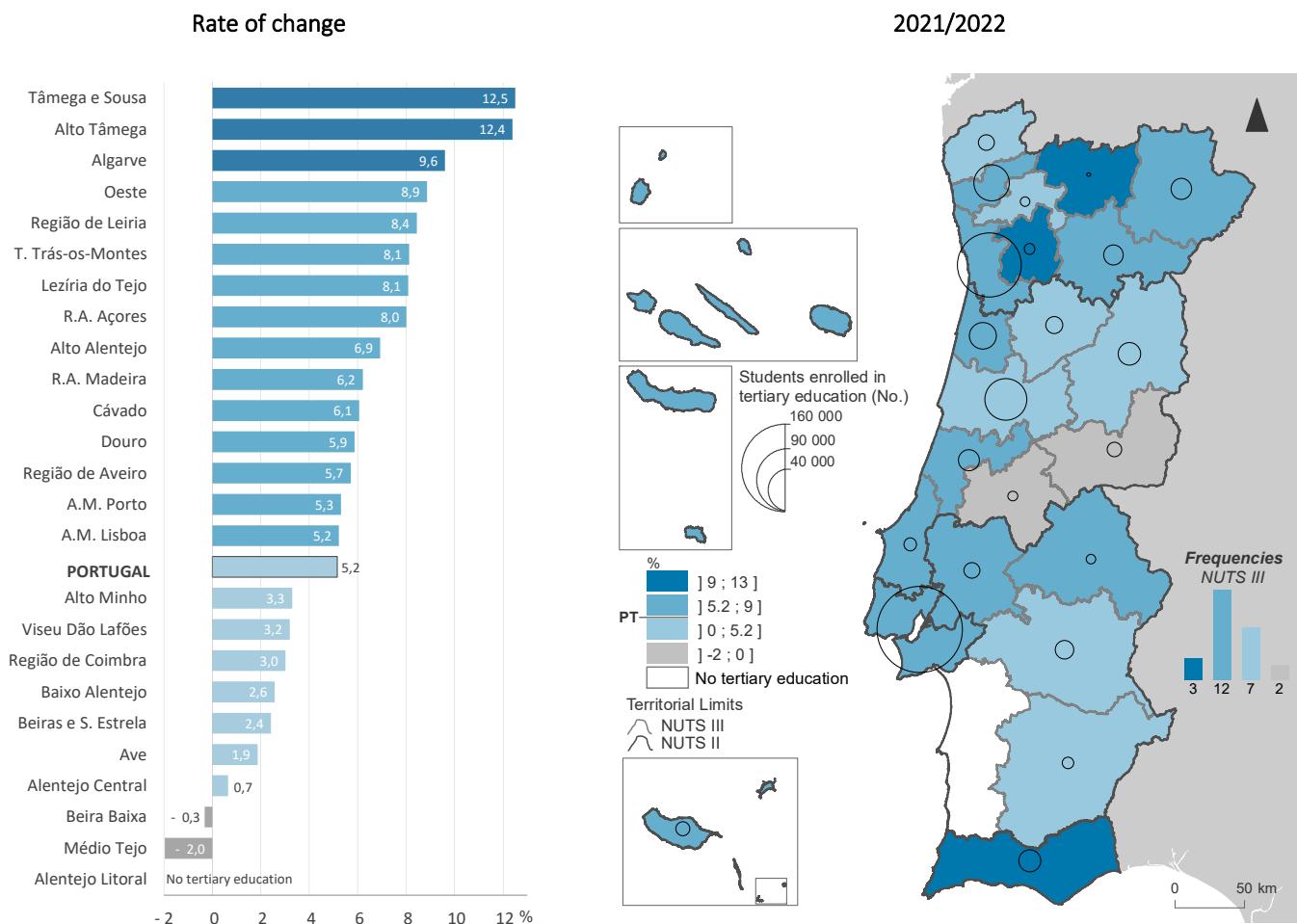
Figure 4. Transition/ completion rate at upper secondary education, Portugal, NUTS 3 and municipality, school year 2020/2021



Source: Ministry of Education and Ministry of Science, Technology and Higher Education -Directorate-General for Education and Science Statistics.

Note: The municipal maximum for Portugal includes the following set of municipalities: Aljezur, Arronches, Lajes do Pico and Penela.

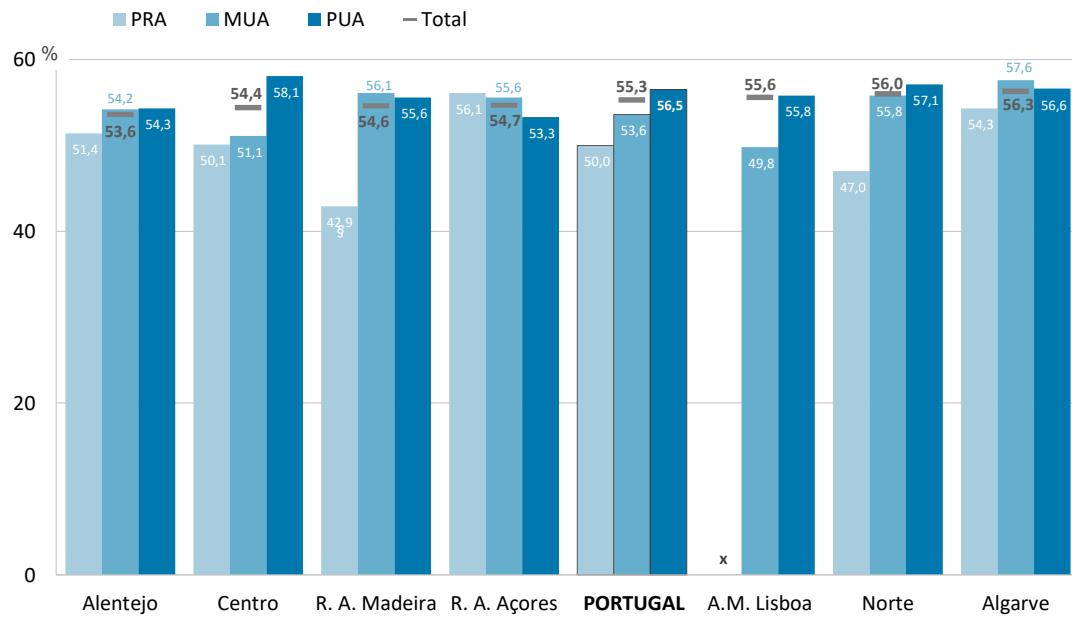
Figure 5. Students enrolled in tertiary education and Rate of change of the number of students enrolled in tertiary education,
Portugal and NUTS 3, school years 2020/2021 and 2021/2022



Source: Ministry of Education and Ministry of Science, Technology and Higher Education -Directorate-General for Education and Science Statistics.

LABOUR MARKET

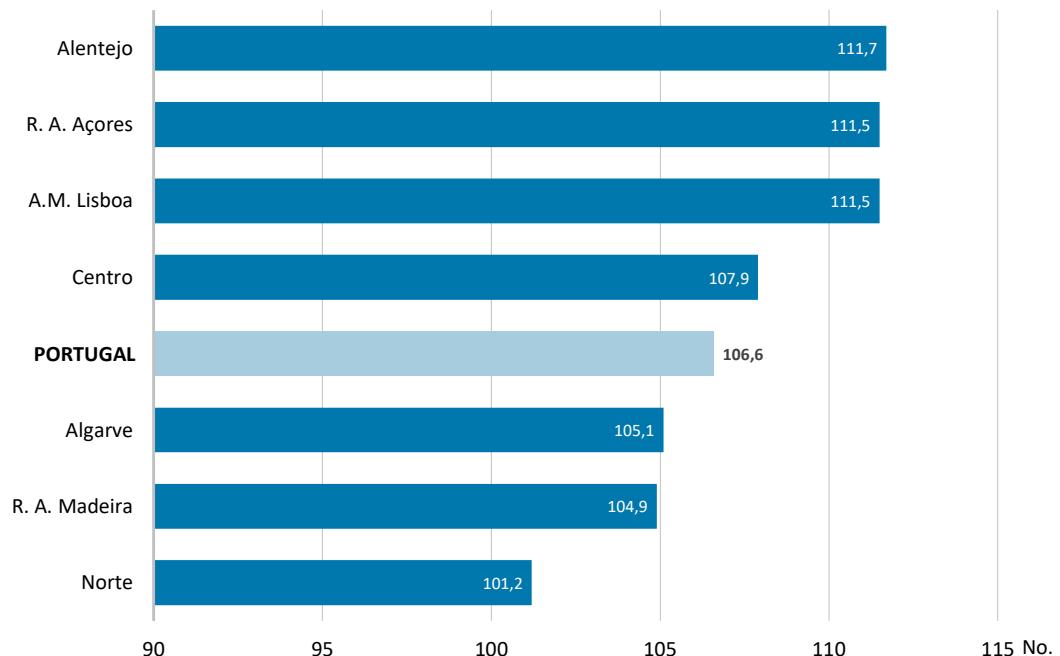
Figure 6. Employment rate according to the Classification of urban areas, Portugal and NUTS 2, 2021



Source: Statistics Portugal, Labour Force Survey (Series 2021).

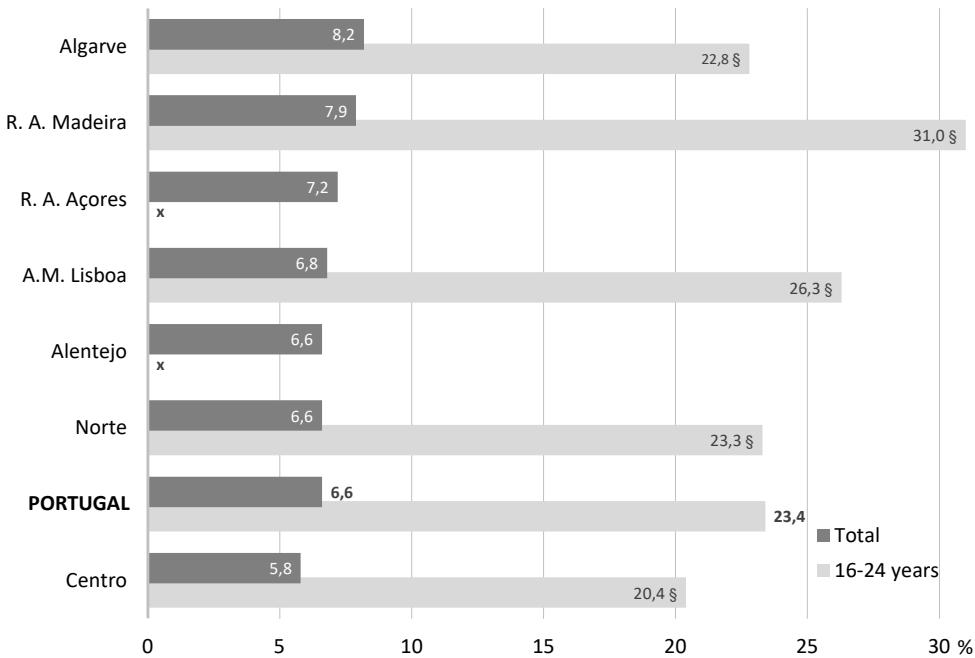
Note: The Labour Force Survey is a probability sample survey and for this reason the estimates are subject to sampling errors. When the relative sampling error (coefficient of variation) is high the estimate is not published and it is replaced by the symbol "x". When the estimate is of limited reliability it is published with an indication of its lower precision (with the symbol §). PRA - predominantly rural areas; MUA - medium urban areas; PUA – predominantly urban areas.

Figure 7. Inactive population per 100 employees, Portugal and NUTS 2, 2021



Source: Statistics Portugal, Labour Force Survey (Series 2021).

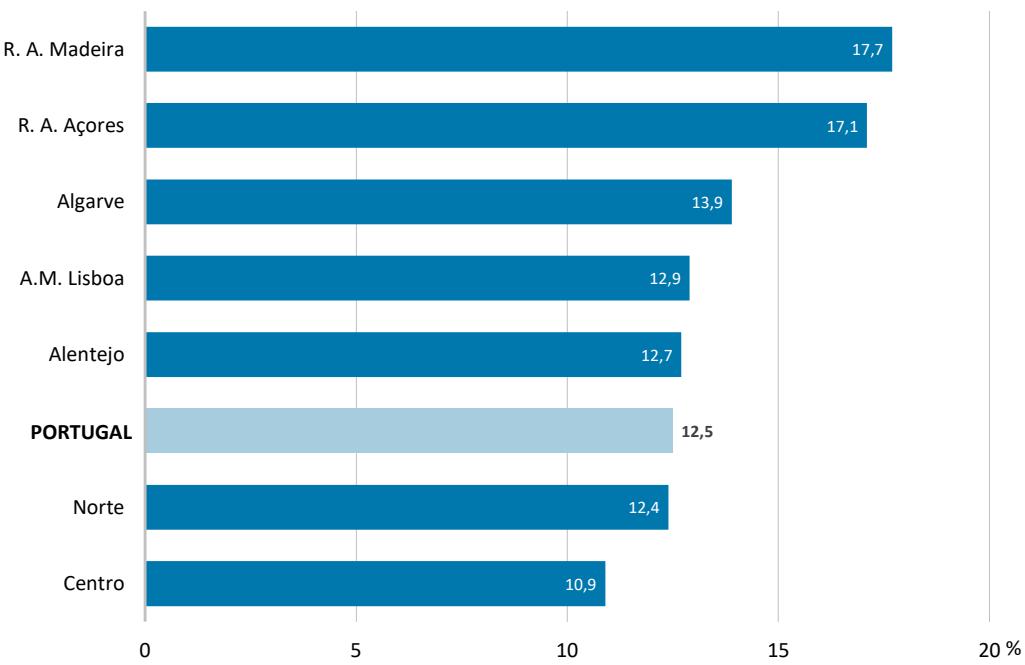
Figure 8. Unemployment rate, Portugal and NUTS 2, 2021



Source: Statistics Portugal, Labour Force Survey (Series 2021).

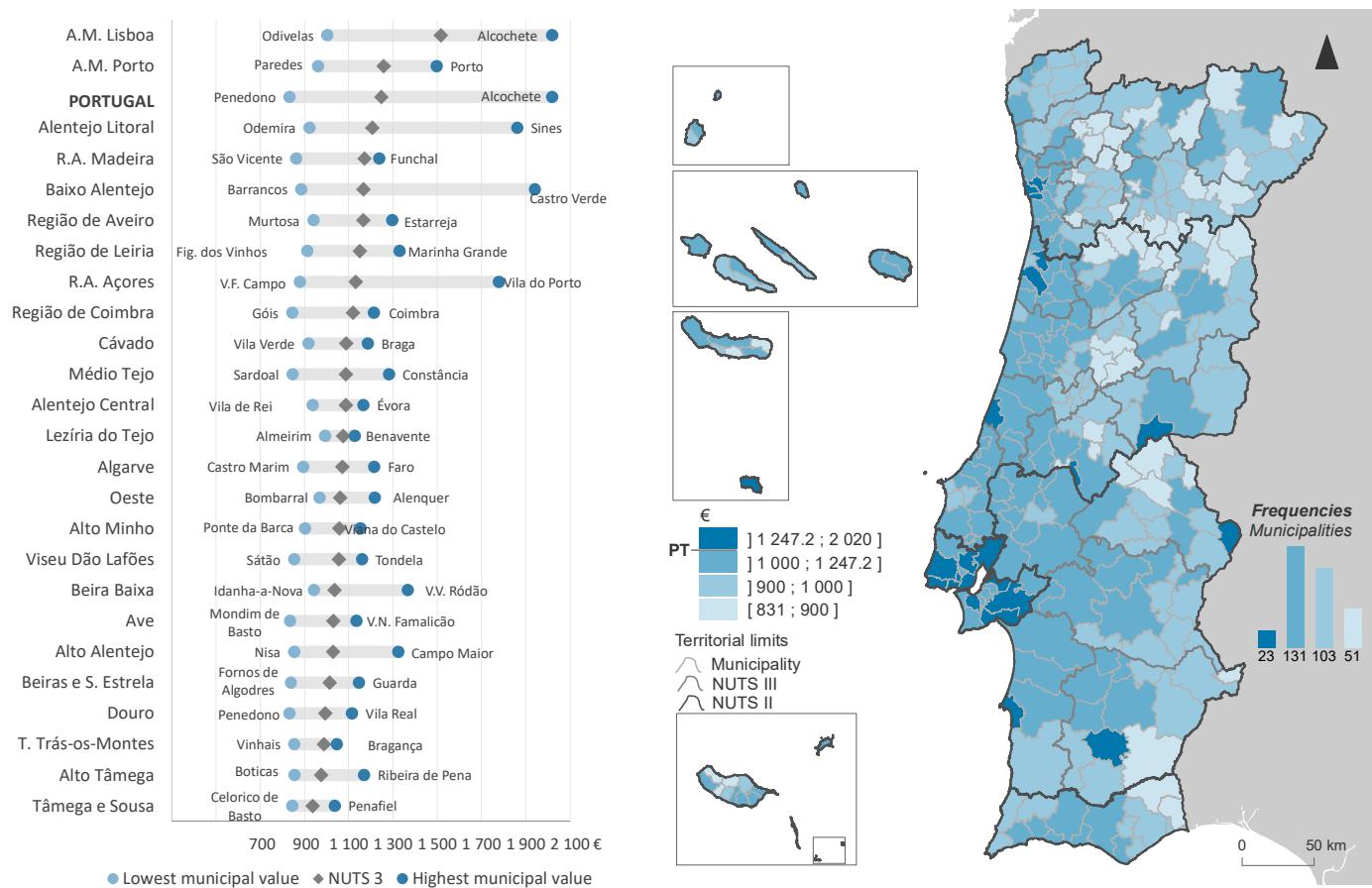
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Figure 9. Labour underutilization rate, Portugal and NUTS 2, 2021



Source: Statistics Portugal, Labour Force Survey (Series 2021).

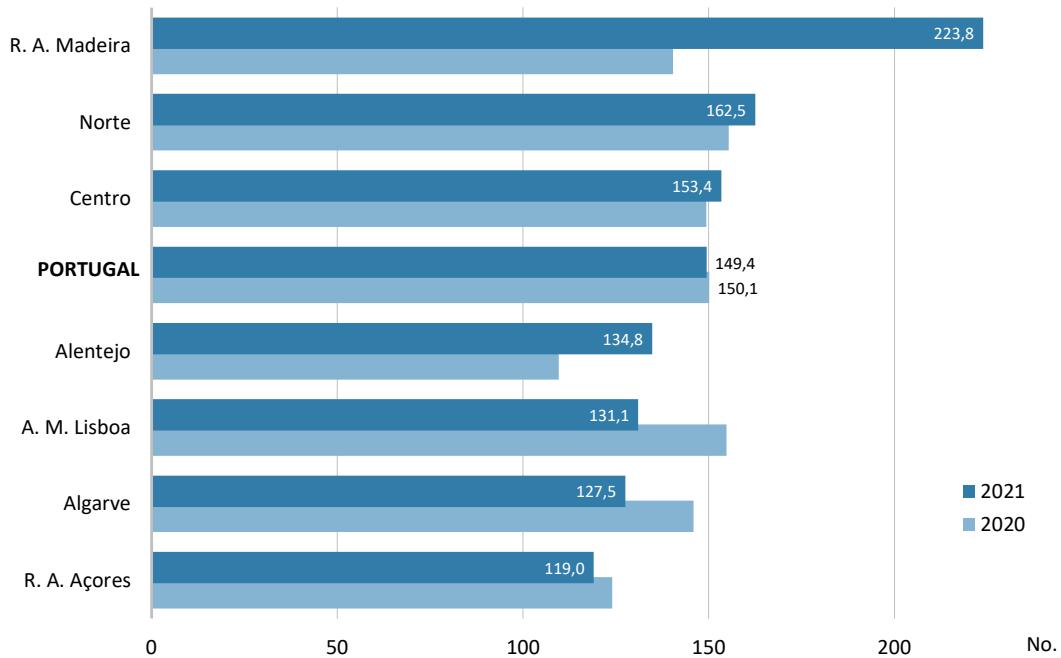
Figure 10. Mean monthly earning of employees by location of establishment of activity, Portugal, NUTS 3 and municipality, 2020



Source: Ministry of Labour, Solidarity and Social Security, Lists of personnel.

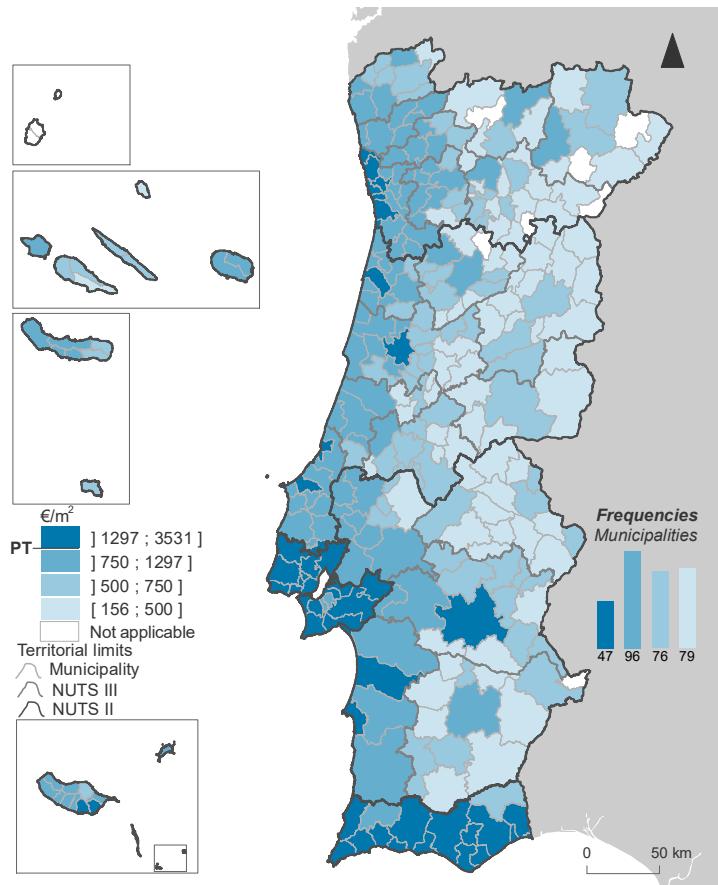
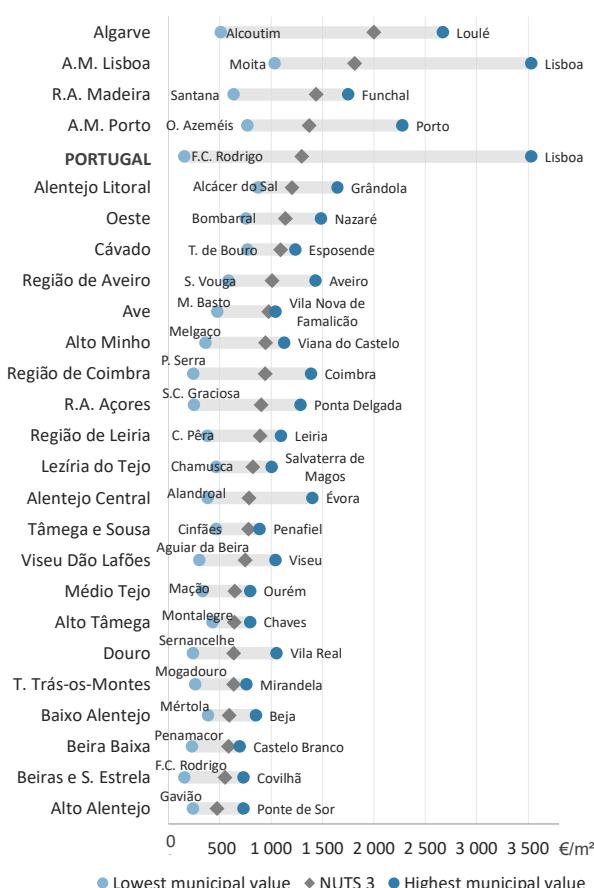
CONSTRUCTION AND HOUSING

Figure 11. Licensed dwellings per 100 completed dwellings in new constructions for family housing, Portugal and NUTS 2, 2020 and 2021



Source: Statistics Portugal, Projects of Building Constructions and Demolitions Survey and Statistics on Construction Works Completed.

Figure 12. Median value per m² of dwellings sales, Portugal, NUTS 3¹ and municipality, 2021



Source: Statistics Portugal, House prices statistics at local level.

¹ According to European Regulation No. 868/2014, level 3 territorial units (NUTS 3) correspond in Portugal to administrative units: the Intermunicipal Entities - Intermunicipal Communities and Metropolitan Areas - in Portugal Mainland and the Autonomous Regions.

press release

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Figure 13. Median value per m² of dwellings sales by tax residence of the purchaser, Portugal and NUTS 3, 2021

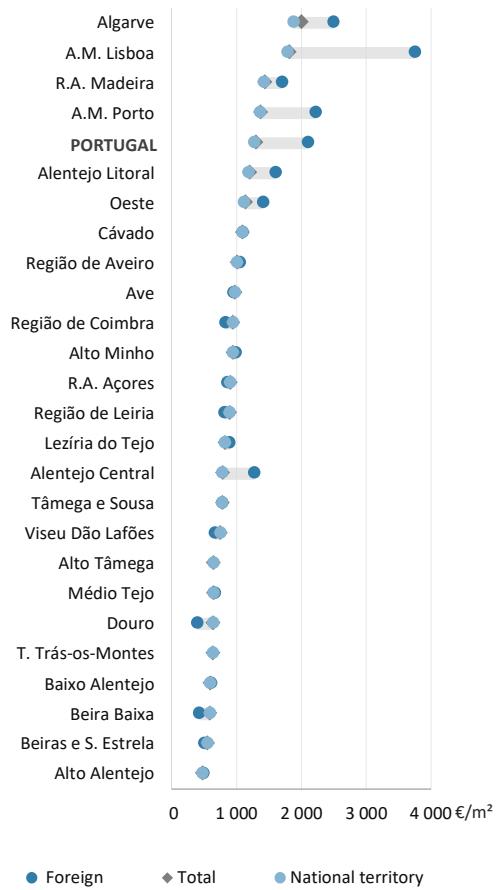
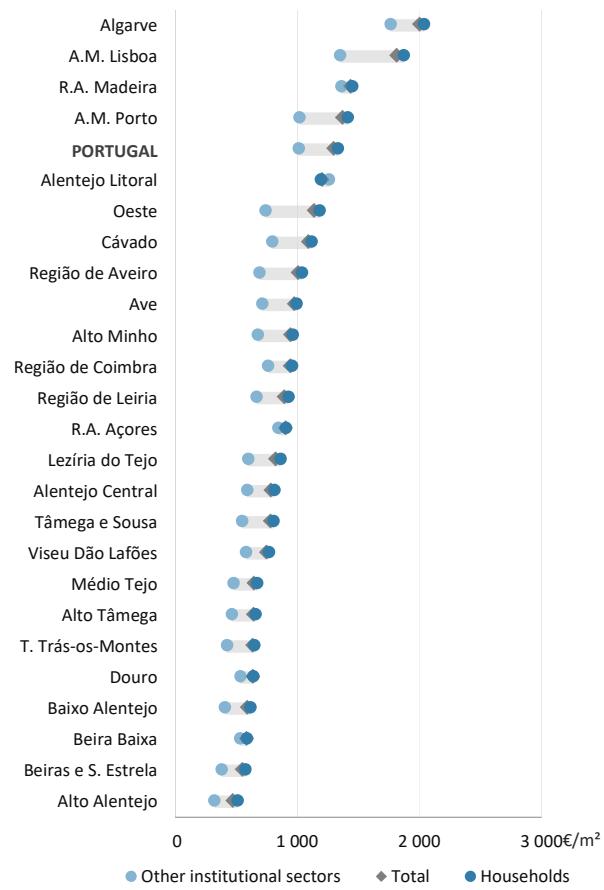
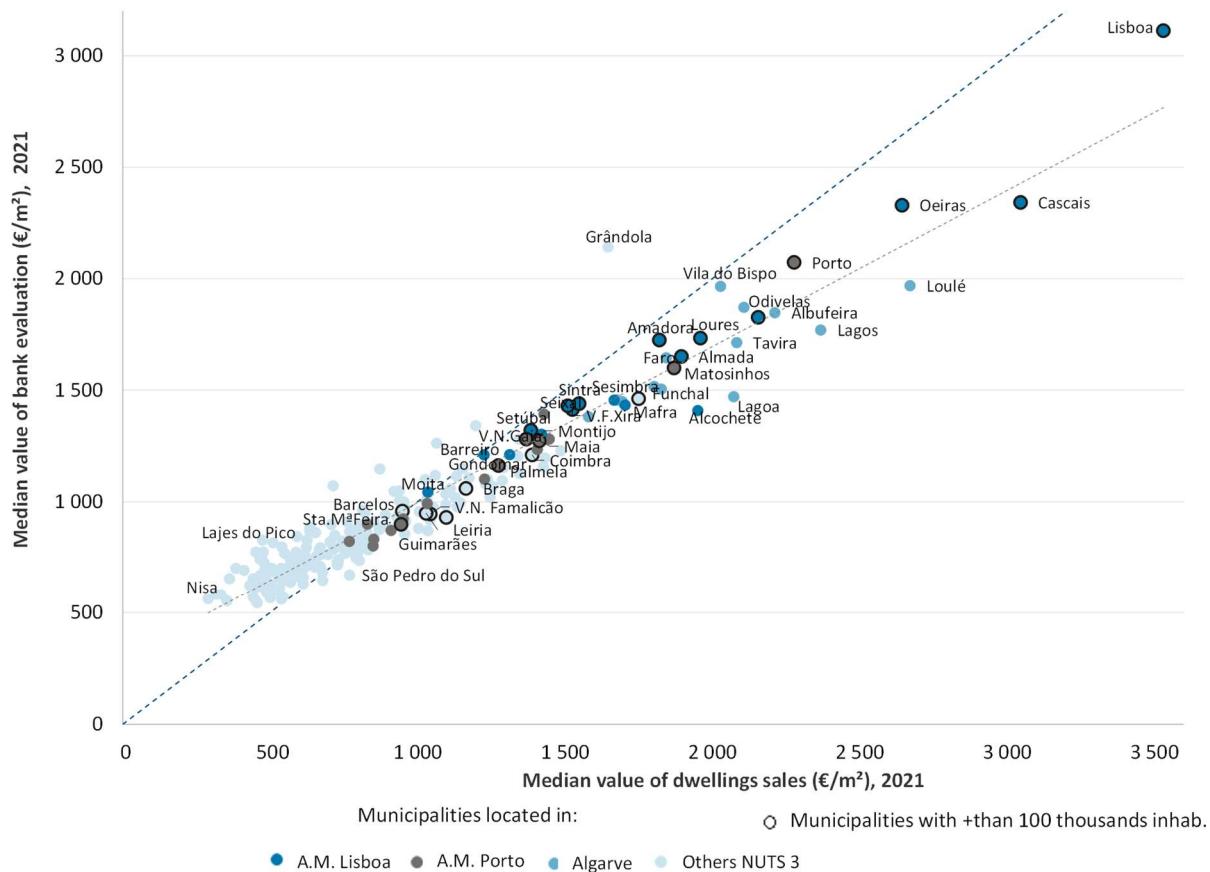


Figure 14. Median value per m² of dwellings sales by Institutional sector of the purchaser, Portugal and NUTS 3, 2021



Source: Statistics Portugal, House prices statistics at local level.

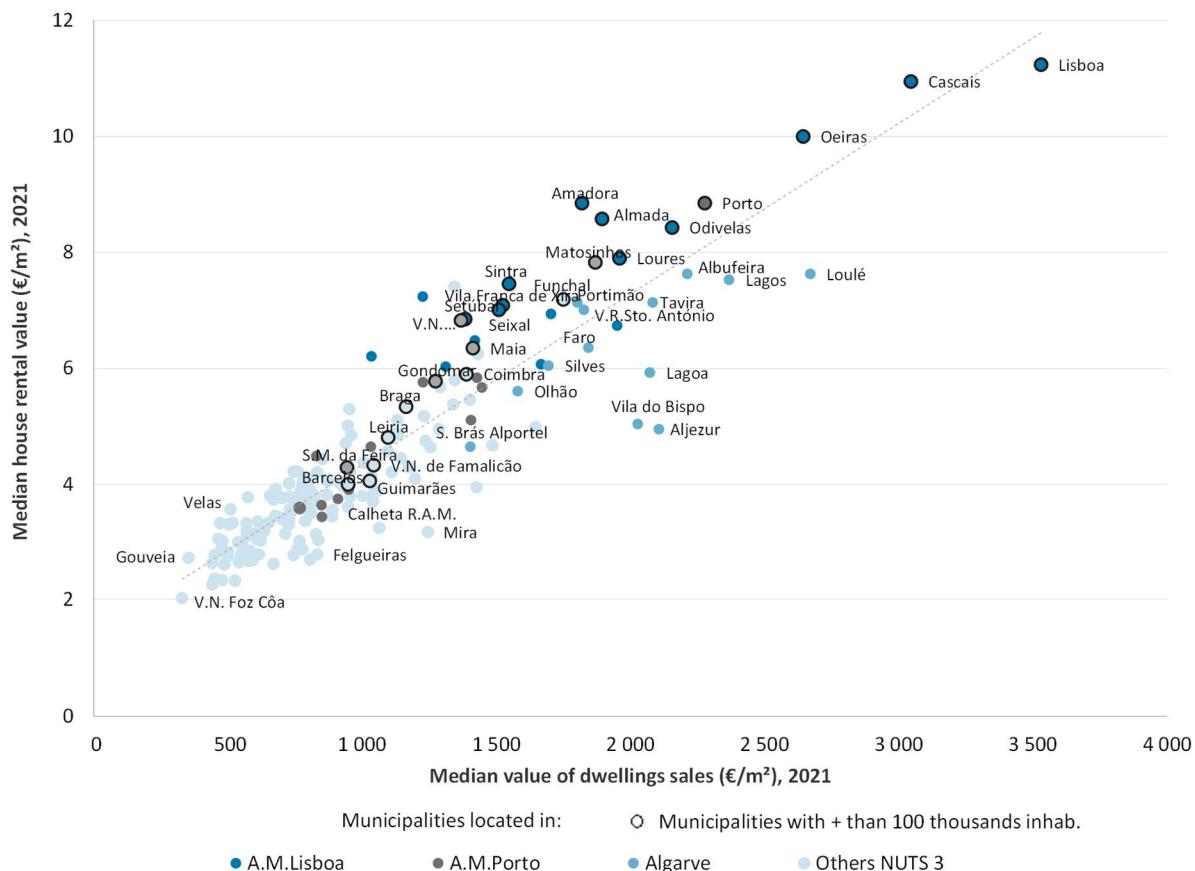
Figure 15. Median value of bank evaluation per m² and median value per m² of dwellings sale, municipality, 2021



Source: Statistics Portugal, Statistics on house prices at local level and Survey on bank evaluation on housing.

Note: The figure shows the 239 municipalities with information in 2021 in the Survey on bank evaluation on housing.

Figure 16. Median house rental value per m² of new lease agreements of dwellings and median value per m² of dwellings sales, municipality, 2021

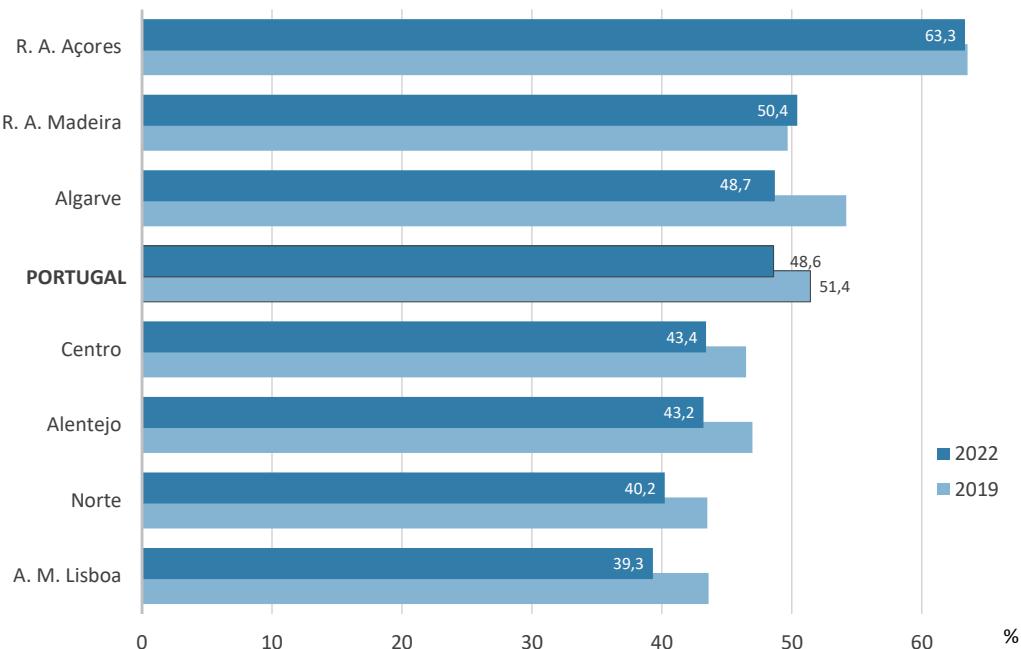


Source: Statistics Portugal, Statistics on house prices at local level and House rental statistics at local level.

Note: The figure shows the 193 municipalities with information in 2021 in the House rental statistics at local level.

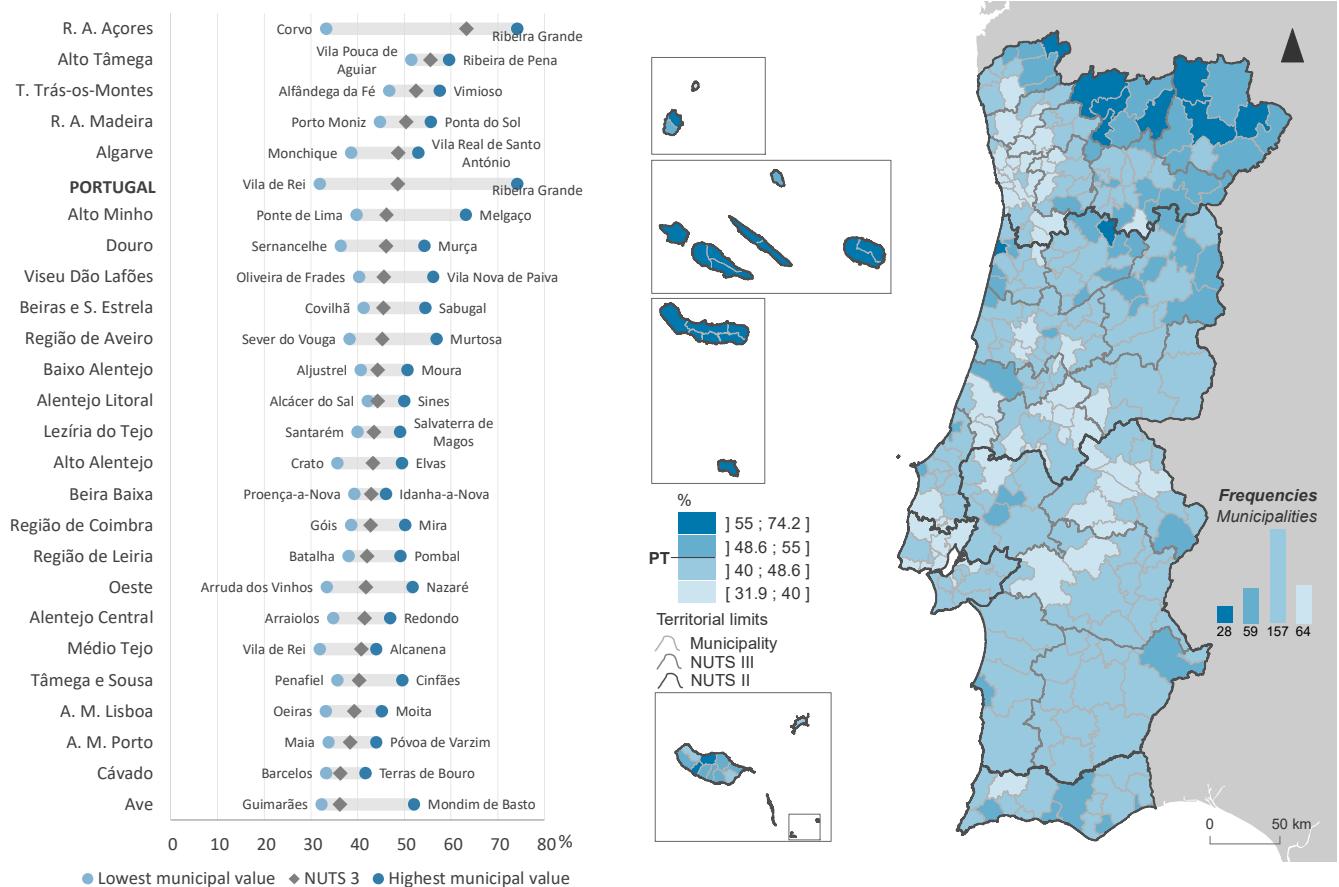
POLITICAL PARTICIPATION

Figure 17. Abstention rate for the election to the National Parliament, Portugal and NUTS 2, 2019 and 2022



Source: General Secretariat of Internal Administration - Electoral Administration.

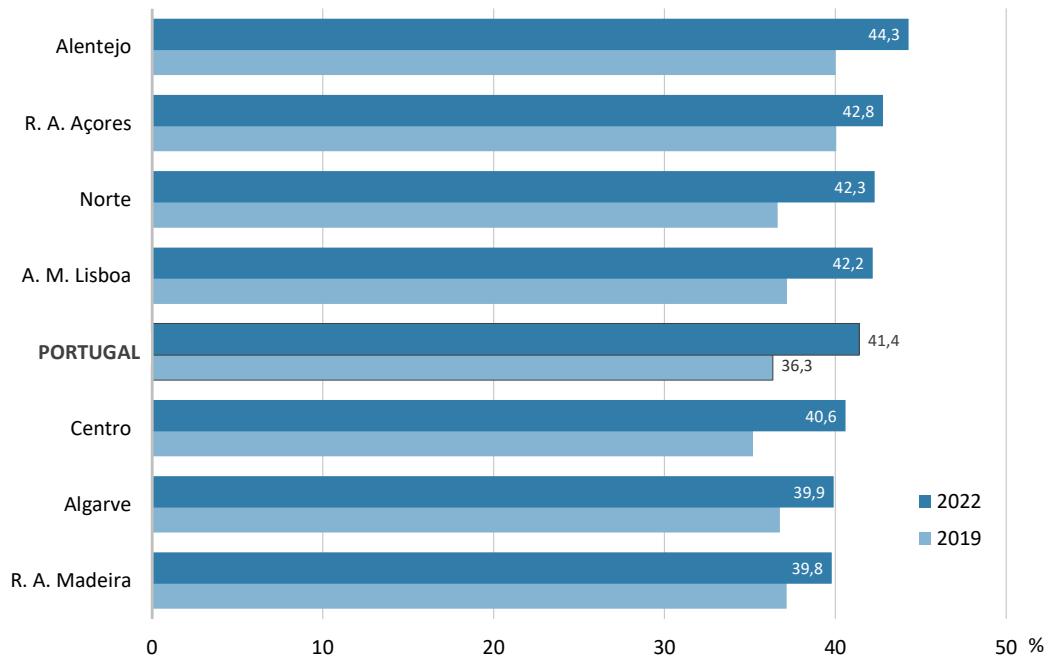
Figure 18. Abstention rate for the election to the National Parliament, Portugal, NUTS 3 and municipality, 2022



Source: General Secretariat of Internal Administration - Electoral Administration.

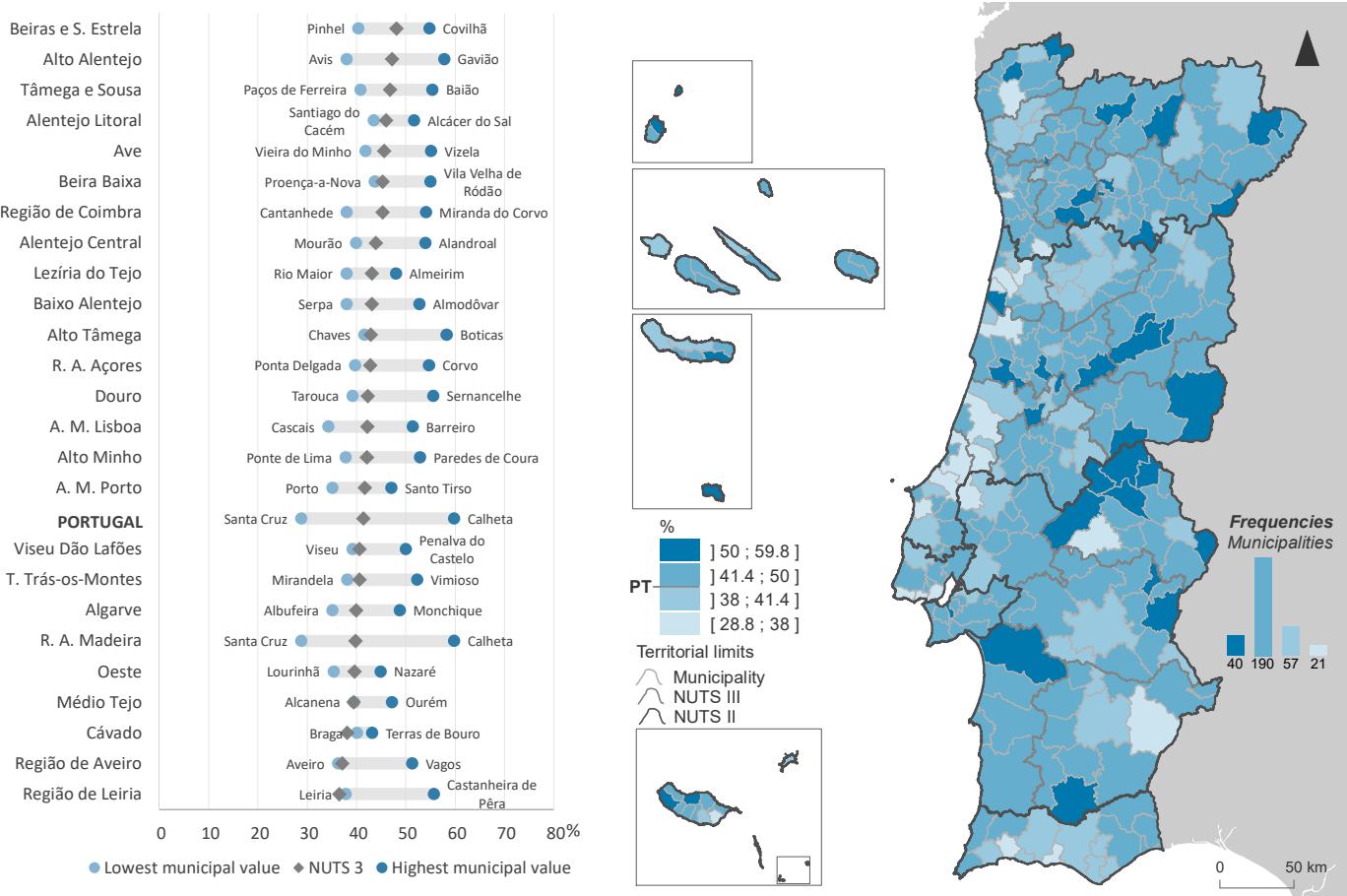
Figure 19. Proportion of votes of the most voted party/coalition for the election to the National Parliament, Portugal and

NUTS 2, 2019 and 2022



Source: General Secretariat of Internal Administration - Electoral Administration.

Figure 20. Proportion of votes of the most voted party/coalition for the election to the National Parliament, Portugal, NUTS 3 and municipality, 2022



Source: General Secretariat of Internal Administration - Electoral Administration.

TECHNICAL NOTE

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The 2022 edition of the Regional Statistical Yearbooks is based on the new Common Nomenclature of Territorial Units for Statistics (NUTS 2013). The Portuguese NUTS 2013 were set out by the regulation (EC) No. 868/2014 and they have been into force within the European and National Statistical System since January 1st, 2015.

For the analysis of information according to the intensity of urbanization, the Classification of urban areas for statistical purposes of 2014 (TIPAU 2014) was used, which constitutes an exhaustive classification of Portuguese parishes in three categories: predominantly urban area (PUA), medium urban area (MUA) and predominantly rural area (PRA).

The territorial administrative division at municipality level – the territorial unit of reference for the majority of the information made available – considers the Administrative Division Code of the National Statistical System and corresponding delimitation of the country's administrative boundaries according to the Official Administrative Map of Portugal (CAOP) produced by the Directorate-General for Territorial Development (DGT).

Since the information provided in the Regional Statistical Yearbooks' varies from a large variety of statistical operations and administrative sources, the reference period is not homogenous. Nevertheless, the reference year for the majority of the indicators corresponds to 2021.

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